## Overview of the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children

<u>What is the Interstate Compact?</u> The Interstate Compact is state law, § 22.1-360 of the *Code of Virginia*, with the purpose of removing barriers to educational success imposed on children of military families because of frequent moves and deployment of their parents.

<u>Summary:</u> In 2009, Virginia joined the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children which addresses key transition issues encountered by military families including enrollment, placement, attendance, eligibility and graduation. Provisions in the Compact provide for a consistent policy across state lines for transitioning military students. While large military populations exist in Hampton Roads, Northern Virginia, and Central Virginia, there may be military-connected students in every school division across the Commonwealth whether they are living with a grandparent while a parent is deployed, or their parent serves in the Guard or Reserve.

<u>Why the Interstate Compact?</u> Most military children attend schools in six to nine different school divisions from kindergarten to 12th grade, and on average, a military student transfers more than twice during high school.

<u>Who is eligible for the Interstate Compact?</u> Children of active duty members of the uniformed services including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders, and children of veterans for up to one year. The provisions of the Interstate Compact only apply to public schools.

## **Key Components of the Interstate Compact (§ 22.1-360 of the** *Code of Virginia*):

What is Covered?	What is not Covered?
Educational Records	
Parents can receive a copy of unofficial records	
Receiving school must accept the unofficial records to enroll	
and place the student pending validation by official records	
Sending school must send official records within 10 business	
days of receiving a request from the receiving school	
30 day grace period for immunizations	Waiver of physical or TB test
Kindergarten and First Grade Entrance Age	
A student can continue in the same grade in the receiving	A student who has not registered for
state regardless of entrance age requirements if he or she has	kindergarten, even though they are of eligible
enrolled (registered) in kindergarten or 1st grade in a public	age to have started
school in the sending state and as long the student meets age	
requirements in the sending state	
A student may enroll in the next grade regardless of age	
requirements, if he or she has successfully completed the	
prerequisite grade level in the sending state	
Course and Educational Program Placement	
Receiving school shall initially honor placement in courses	Although the receiving school must
or programs based on the student's	demonstrate reasonable accommodation, there
enrollment/participation/placement in like programs in the	is no requirement to create a program or
sending school and/or educational assessments conducted in	additional space
the sending school	
Receiving school may subsequently perform an evaluation to	Guarantee of continued enrollment if not
ensure the appropriate placement and continued enrollment	appropriate

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Special Education Services	
Receiving school shall initially provide comparable services	A requirement to provide the <u>exact</u> programs as
identified in the students' IEP or 504 from the sending school	sending school
Receiving state may subsequently perform an evaluation to	Anything above the requirements in the IDEA
ensure the appropriate placement of the student	
Placement Flexibility and Absences	
Allowing flexibility to the school division to waive course or	Mandatory waivers of prerequisites or
program prerequisites or other preconditions for placement	preconditions
Additional excused absences, at the discretion of the	
superintendent, due to parent's deployment	
Eligibility	
School division cannot charge tuition to military children	
placed in care of a non-custodial parent or person serving "in	
loco parentis"	
Special power of attorney for guardianship is sufficient for	
enrollment and all other actions requiring parental	
participation or consent	
Student can continue to attend his or her current school even	
if living with a non-custodial parent or person serving "in	
loco parentis"	
State and school division shall facilitate opportunities for	State student athletic associations
military childrens' inclusion in extracurricular activities	
regardless of application deadlines	
Graduation	
School divisions shall waive courses required for graduation	Mandatory waivers of course work
if similar course work has been completed in sending school,	
or if denied, must provide an alternative means for acquiring	
course work so graduation may occur on time	
School divisions shall accept sending state's exit or end of	National achievement tests which do not have
course exams, national achievement tests, or alternative	an established "cut" score, or non-passing
testing in lieu of testing requirements for graduation in the	scores on exit or end of course exams
receiving state	
For transfers during senior year when student is ineligible to	Changing graduation requirements in the
graduate from receiving school, allowing the student to	receiving school division
receive a diploma from the sending school if sending state	
graduation requirements have been met	

## **Resources:**

Military Interstate Children's Compact Commission: www.mic3.net

Virginia Department of Education: <a href="www.doe.virginia.gov/support/student\_family/military">www.doe.virginia.gov/support/student\_family/military</a>

School Liaison Officers: www.doe.virginia.gov/support/student\_family/military/school\_liaison\_officers/

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